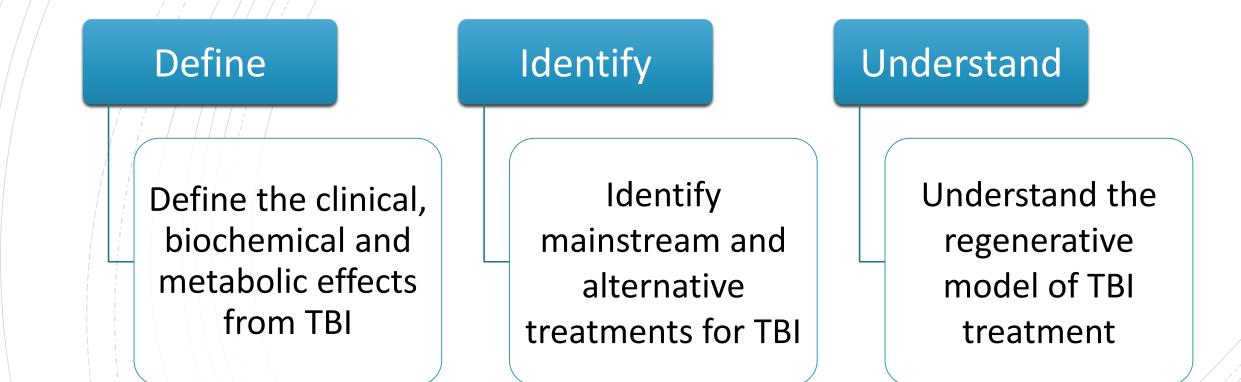
A Multimodal, Regenerative Approach to Traumatic Brain Injury Dr. John C. Hughes, D.O. JPNI – Broomfield, CO November 2, 2019

### Disclosure

The content of this presentation has been peer reviewed for fair balance and evidence based medicine.

### Learning Objectives



# Clinical Symptoms from TBI



**Physical** Headache Fatigue Sleep disorders Vertigo or dizziness Tinnitus or hyperacusis Photosensitivity Anomia Reduced tolerance to psychotropic medications Disorientation Loss of mobility Seizures Loss of smell

Cognitive Memory decline / loss Slow reaction time Inability to pay attention Executive dysfunction Slow learning Interrupted speech Difficulty understanding Unable to concentrate Confusion Difficulty communicating thoughts Unable to plan, reason, problem-solve

**Psychological** Irritability Easy frustration Tension Anxiety Affective lability Personality changes Disinhibition Apathy Suspiciousness Suicidality Depression PTSD

Biochemical and Physiological Responses from TBI

- Disproportional proinflammatory cytokine production and release
- Increased counterregulatory hormones work against the action of insulin
- Hypermetabolic and catabolic states
- Severely impaired nitrogen homeostasis
- Oxidative Stress

Oxidative Stress From TBI Impairs cerebral vascular function

Impairs circulation

Impairs the energy metabolism

Damages mitochondria and DNA

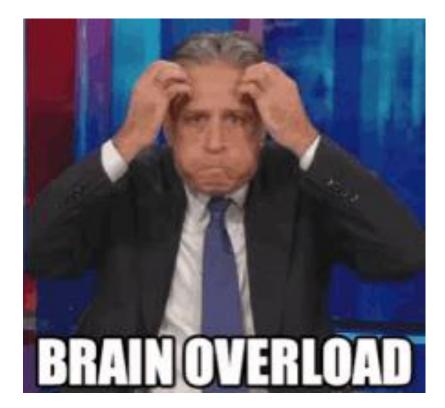
What Happens Metabolically with a TBI?

"The brain is in a metabolic crisis with concussion... potassium ion from inside the cell going extracellularly, calcium ions going intracellularly, neurotransmitters widely released in a chaotic manner.

It takes energy to pump that potassium back, put the neurotransmitters back on so the cell can function."

Dr Robert Cantu, MD, 2013

#### What Happens Metabolically with a TBI?



#### An Energy Crisis

### Mainstream Treatments

- Occupational and physical rehabilitation
- Speech therapy
- Pharmaceutical drugs
- Cognitive maintenance exercises
- Patients simply cope with their condition

### Alternative Treatments

 Do not seek to regenerate but rather simply treat symptoms

Do not combine
 regenerative treatments in
 a multimodal manner in
 order to maximize patient
 benefit

### Question 1

Which of the following are symptoms of a traumatic brain injury?

A. Headache

B. Insomnia

C. Mood changes

D. Cognitive and memory impairment

E. Sound and light sensitivity

F. All of the above

### Question 2

What is the most significant pathophysiologic reason why many TBI patients fail to recover?

- A. Inflammation
- B. Oxidative stress
- C. Impaired nitrogen homeostasis
- D. Impaired energy metabolism ("The brain is in a metabolic crisis.")

A Multimodal, Regenerative Approach to TBI It is hypothesized that the practical, effective combination of multiple regenerative TBI therapies can produce synergistic benefits to the patient that exceed the use of one particular TBI treatment.

# A Multimodal, Regenerative Approach to TBI

I. Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy

II. Intranasal Therapies

III. IV Nutrition

IV. Cranial Osteopathy

V. Ketogenic Diet and MCT Oil

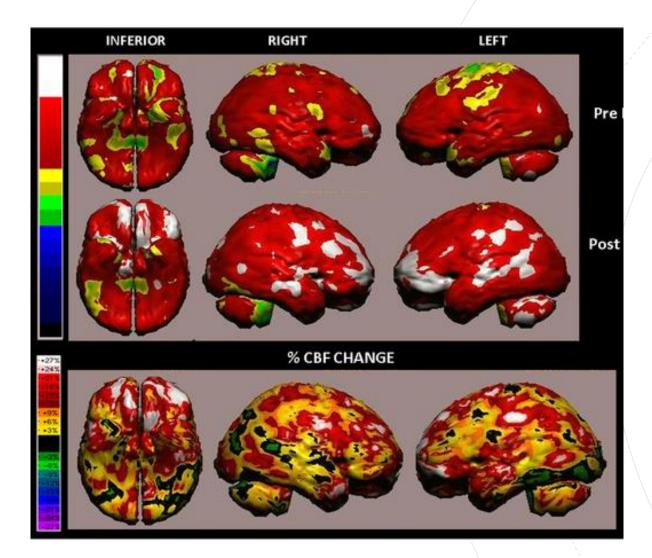


## Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy (HBOT) for TBI

 Allows the body to absorb about 10-15 times its normal supply of oxygen

 Stimulates the growth of tissue, bone and blood vessels, and reduces inflammation Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy (HBOT)

Thom, et al., 2006



Volume rendered Brain SPECT perfusion maps of a 51-year-old woman suffering from mTBI that had occurred 2 years prior to inclusion in the study

Boussi-Gross et al., 2013

- Induces neuroplasticity
- Increases tissue oxygenation
- Generates new capillary networks
- Restores blood supply
- Increases stem cells in the blood

# HBOT for TBI

### Question 3

How does hyperbaric oxygen help TBI patients?

- A. HBOT reduces neuroplasticity
- B. HBOT causes vasodilation
- C. HBOT increases tissue perfusion with new capillary growth
- **D.** HBOT creates oxidative stress

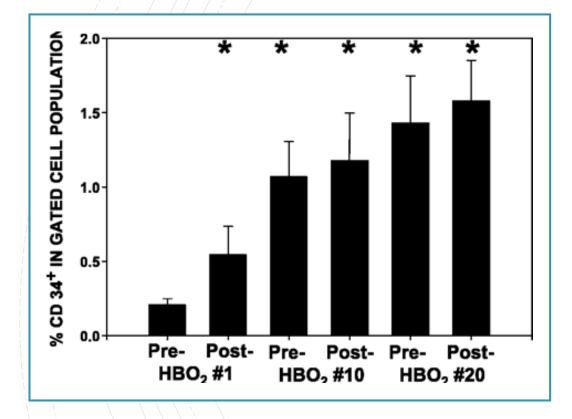
### HBOT and Stem Cells

 2 hours of HBOT triples the patients own circulating stem cells

 20 sessions of HBOT increases circulating stem cells to 8 fold (800%)

Thom, et al., 2006

#### Mean CD34+ population in blood of humans before and after HBOT treatments.



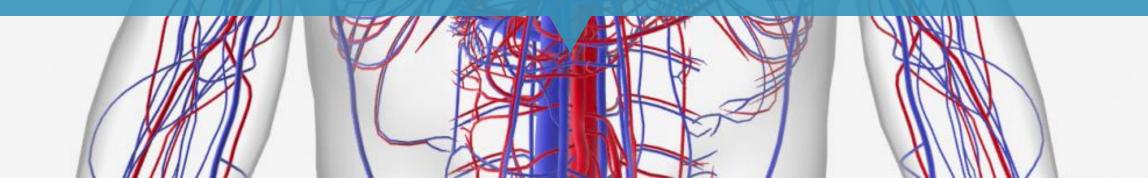
Data are the fraction of CD34+ cells within the gated population using leukocytes obtained from 26 patients before and after their 1st, 10th, and 20th HBO2 treatment.

Thom, et al., 2006



#### STEPHEN THOM, MD, PH.D. (2006)

"[Hyperbaric oxygen therapy] is the safest way clinically to increase stem cell circulation, far safer than any of the pharmaceutical options."



#### Part II

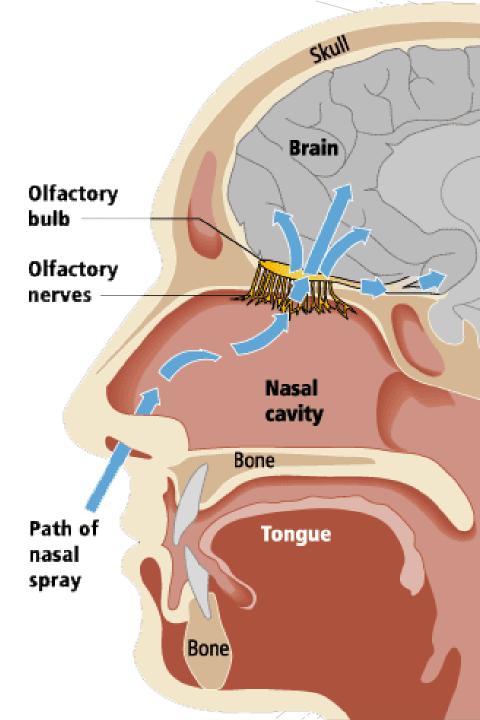
### Intranasal Therapies (Insulin, PRP, and Stem Cells) for TBI

#### Journey Through the Nose

Through the olfactory nerves

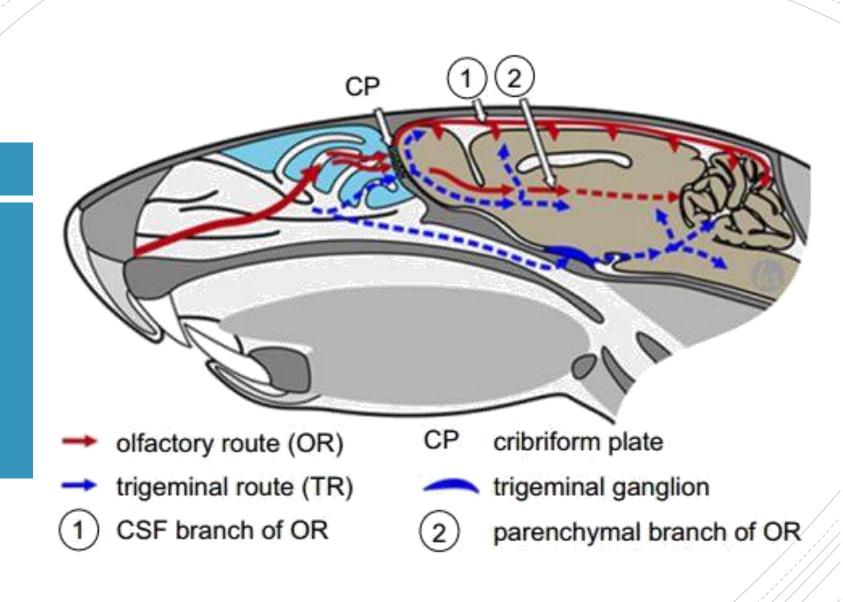
Bypasses the blood-brain barrier

Into the CSF within 10 minutes



#### Mouse Brain

Solid arrows represent the paths of migration of cells into the brain, dashed arrows reflect possible hypothetical routes of cell delivery



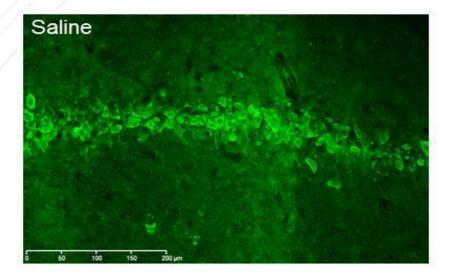
Danielyan, et al., 2014

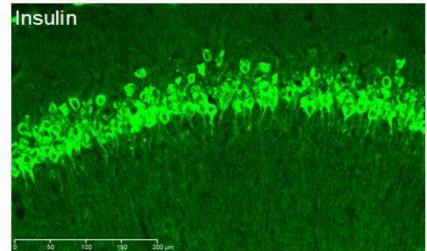
### Intranasal Insulin for TBI

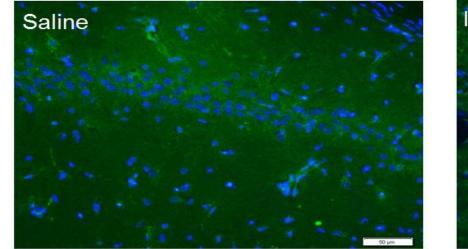
- Improves brain ATP production
- Decreases CSF cortisol
- Improves neuronal viability in the hippocampus
- Increases the expression of antiinflammatory microglia
- Reduces beta-amyloid and tau protein deposition

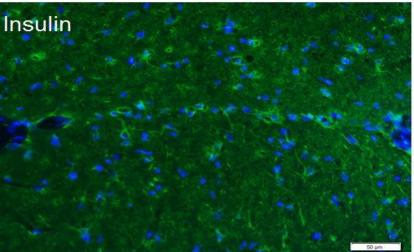
Improved neuronal viability in the hippocampus of the insulin treated rats.

Intranasal insulin increases the expression of antiinflammatory microglia in the hippocampus









#### Brabazon, Khayrullina, Frey, & Byrnes, 2014

### Question 4

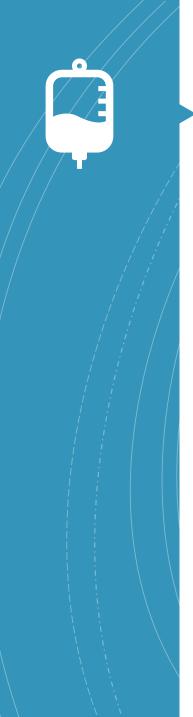
Intranasal insulin has the following effects:

- A. Increases ATP production and utilization
- B. Decreases gliosis
- C. Decreases cortisol
- D. Reduces amyloid and tau protein deposition
- E. All of the above



### Platelet Rich Plasma (PRP)

- Autologous plasma contains growth factors and cytokines to aid the injured brain:
  - VEGF, EGF increases angiogenesis
  - PDGF, TGF-p enhance collagen growth
  - IGF-1 stimulates protein synthesis



### Platelet Rich Plasma (PRP)



The infusion of concentrated platelets results in an exponential increase in numerous growth factors at the sight of infusion



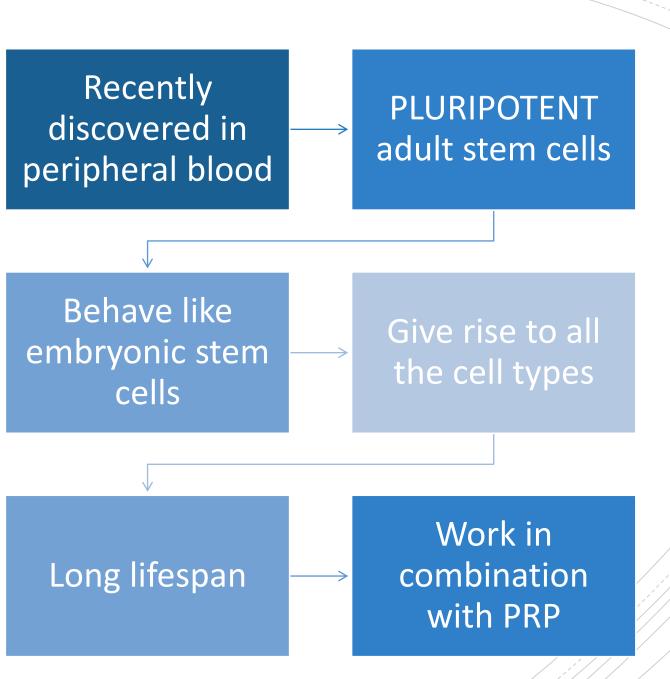
Plasma cytokines control inflammatory mediators cox1, cox2 and guide stem cells to areas of injury

### Intranasal Platelet Rich Plasma (PRP) for TBI

- "Basic fibroblast growth factor infusion enhances injuryinduced cell proliferation in the dentate gyrus and improves cognitive function in rats following fluid percussive injury."
- "Other studies have found that infusion of S100β or VEGF can also enhance neurogenesis in the hippocampus and improve the functional recovery of animals following TBI."



# Peripheral Blood Based Adult Stem Cells



# Intranasal Peripheral Blood Stem Cells for TBI

- Have regenerative and reparative properties
- Adult stem cells from BMA have been used to treat ischemic brain damage by reducing gray and white matter loss (Danielyan, et al., 2014).
- Downregulate neuroinflammatory cytokines



### Intranasal Nutrients for TBI

 IN glutathione has been used to reduce oxidative stress and enhance cellular detoxification in Parkinson's disease patients (Mischley, et al., 2016).

IN methylcobalamin has been shown to improve QEEG Theta activity in ADHD and autism patients (Kurtz, 2008).

### Part III

#### Intravenous Nutrition for TBI

### IV Nutrition for TBI

#### PRP

- Adult peripheral blood stem cells
- NAD+
- Myer's cocktail with potassium, magnesium, calcium, B-complex, B5, B6, and B12, ascorbate, and glutathione





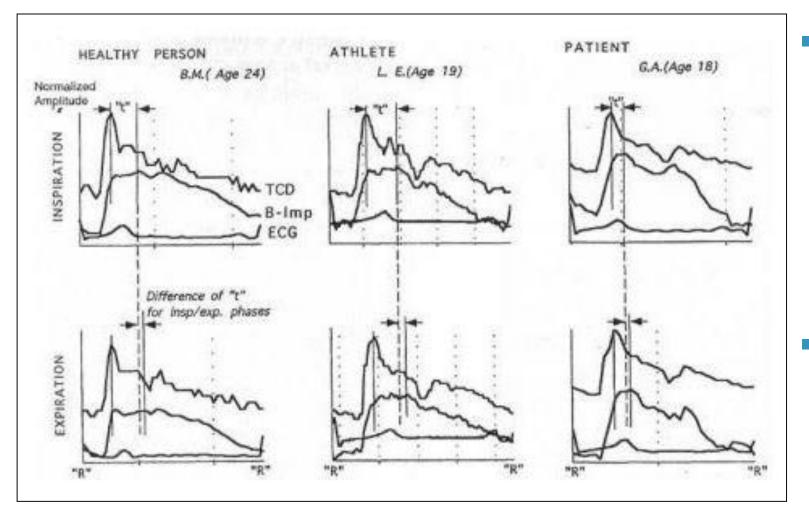
### Part IV Cranial Osteopathy for TBI

- Manual manipulation of the cranial bones and membranes to allow the cerebral spinal fluid to flow properly
- The central nervous system, including the brain and spinal cord, has a subtle, rhythmic pulsation

Cranial Osteopathy for TBI

- This rhythmic pulsation can be blocked in brain injuries - impedes
   CSF and blood flow
- Effective at treating vertigo and headaches associated with TBIs

Cranial Osteopathy for TBI



 Time shift between peaks of TCD and B-Imp is determined by the replacement of some portion of CSF out from (or into) zone of B-Imp electrodes.

 This time interval represents the mobility of CSF inside the cranium during the pulse cycle.

Moskalenko, Frymann, Kravchenko, & Weinstein, 2003

## Question 5

#### TBI patients have:

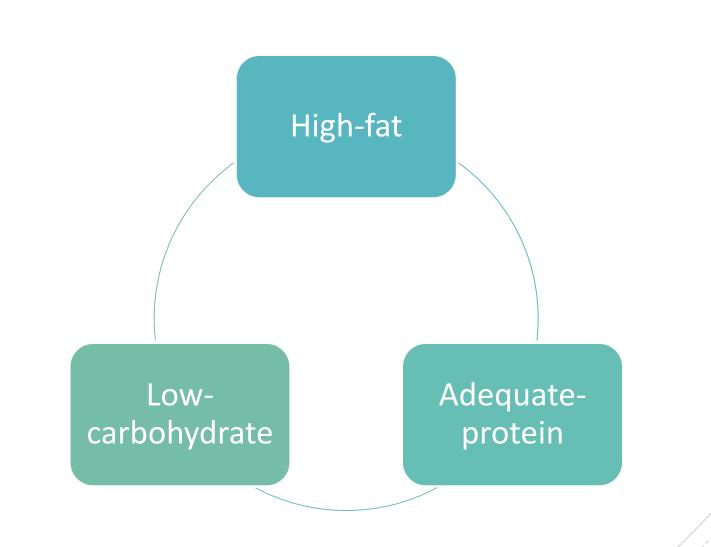
- A. Reduced mobility of the CSF
- B. Increased mobility of the CSF
- C. Complete loss of CSF
- D. No change in mobility of the CSF



#### Part V

#### MCT Oils and the Ketogenic Diet for TBI

#### Ketogenic Diet for TBI



#### DO NOT EAT

DO

EAT

## Ketogenic Diet for TBI

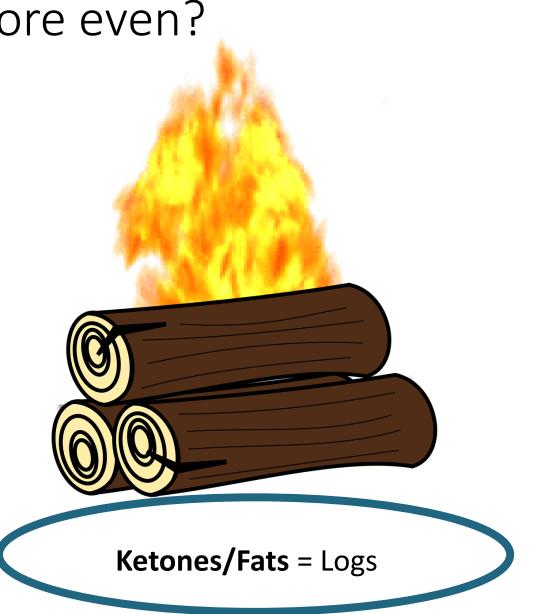
- Grains wheat, corn, rice, cereal, etc.
- Sugar honey, agave, maple syrup, etc.
- Fruit apples, bananas, oranges, etc.
- Tubers potato, yams, etc.

- Meats (organic, pasture-raised, sustainable)
- Above ground vegetables and leafy greens
- High fat dairy
- Nuts and seeds
- Avocado and berries
- Other fats avocado oil, coconut oil, grassfed ghee, high-fat salad dressing, saturated fats, etc.

#### Which burns more even?



**Glucose/Carbohydrates** = Kindling



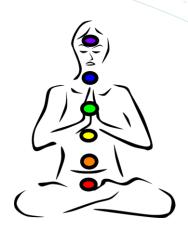
#### Ketones are like diesel fuel (Glucose is like gasoline)

- Diesel fuel has a higher flash point than gasoline
  - Harder to oxidize Less flammable (excitable)
    - The brain works like a diesel engine
      - Burns more efficiently lasts longer

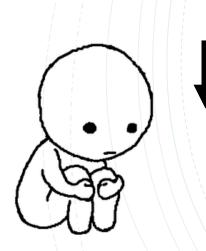
Increases Neuroprotection

Increases GABA

Increases Calming



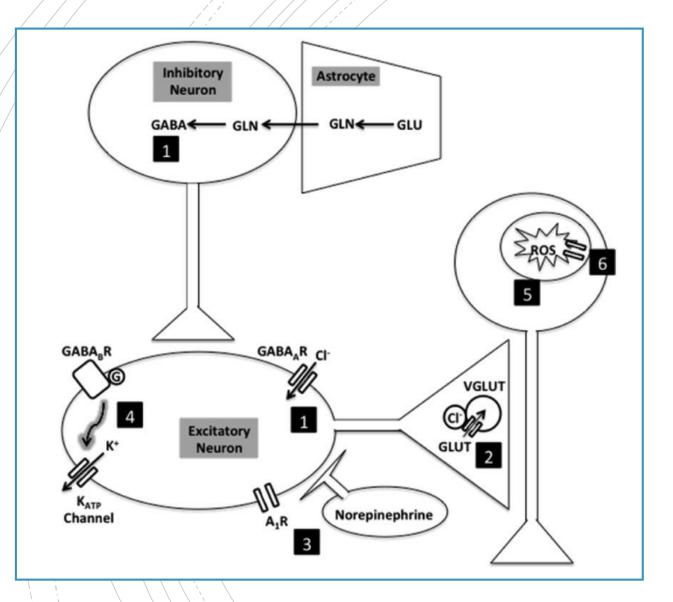
What else do ketones do?



Decreases Glutamate

Decreases Depression, Fear, Anxiety

Decreases Oxidative Stress



- Increased GABA synthesis
- Decreased glutamate release by competitive inhibition of vesicular glutamate transporters.
- Decreased reactive oxygen species production from glutamate

exposure

McNally & Hartman, 2012

Neuroprotective Actions of the Ketogenic Diet Upregulates energy metabolism genes

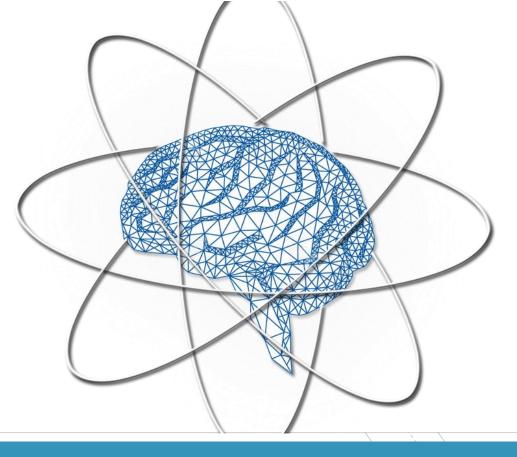
Stimulates of mitochondrial biogenesis

Promotes synthesis of ATP

Limits glutamate toxicity

Anticonvulsant effects of ketone bodies on the

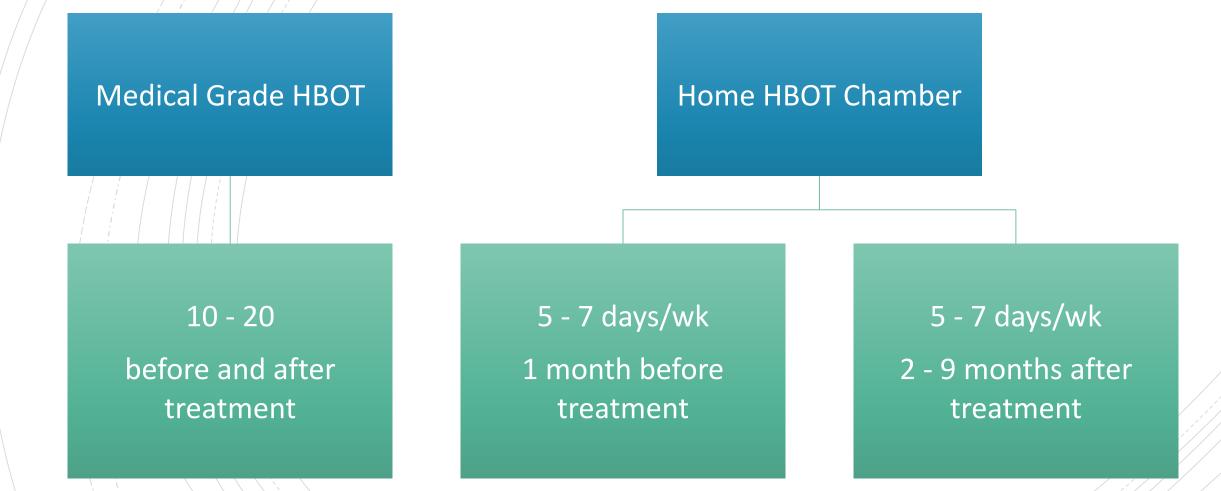
brain



## The TBI Therapy Protocol



#### TBI Therapy HBOT Protocol



	Day 1:	Consultation IV therapy Cranial osteopathy HBOT		
BI Therapy 3-Day Program	Day 2:	HBOT IV PRP + Nutrition IN PRP + Insulin		
	Day 3:	IV pluripotent stem cells (VESLs) from the blood + NAD IN pluripotent stem cells (VESLs) from the blood HBOT		

#### Case Report 1: 46 year-old male, severe TBI from MVA

#### Before Treatment:

- Memory loss
- Depression and anxiety
- Emotionally unstable
- Headaches daily
- Inability to carry on conversation
- Inability to do math or read
- Light and sound sensitivity
- Could not drive
- Insomnia

#### After Treatment:

- "Memory download"
- "An awakening"
- Mood and personality improvements
- Improvements intellectually, physiologically, and psychologically
- Improved ability to read
- Able to turn on lights /electronics
- Able to drive
- Sleep normalized



#### TBI Therapy: Case Report 1

"It was like a stream of information had been let loose... I felt for the first time in a year that I had some clarity. I was excited and able to read more than 2-3 sentences without triggering a migraine... The ability to think and plan returned."

#### Case Report 2: 30 year-old female, mild TBI from fall

#### Before Treatment:

- Insomnia
- Mood swings
- Depression
- Unable to work
- Head pressure
- Sound and light sensitivity

#### After Treatment:

- Able to travel and work
- Light and sound sensitivity decreased
- Improved mood
- Less fatigued
- Relief from anxiety



#### TBI Therapy: Case Report 2

"I felt well enough that I started saying yes again. TBI Therapy has turned me into a TBI THRIVER, not just a survivor. I'm happy. I enjoy life again, can travel and am doing work in the world that's more aligned with myself than ever."

#### Case Report 3: 48 year-old female, mild TBI from multiple concussions

#### Before Treatment:

- Anger
- Depression
- Suicidal ideation
- Anosmia
- Extreme mental fatigue
- PTSD

#### After Treatment:

#### • Calm

- No longer "reactive" and irritable
- Confident
- No thoughts of suicide
- Feeling of less inflammation
- Improved memory
- Improved sense of smell



#### TBI Therapy: Case Report 3

"The results for me have been are nothing short of MIRACULOUS! Popeye may have his spinach but I have stem cells and PRP! Yes, my brain is strong!"

#### Boone Report

<ul> <li>ID: — Generated:</li> </ul>	5/20/2019 1:09 PM	

BOONE	V	<b>Wi</b>
-------	---	-----------

	— ID: — Generat	ed <mark>: 5/20/2019</mark> 1:09 PM	REART INSTITUTE	
Session Number Patient (Created Date) Age	t Original Title	Reason for Visit	Followup Char	ge Hrs. Sleep   Since Meal
Session 1 (5/20/2019) 49 yrs	Routine	Performance Cognitive Evaluation	No N/A	7-9   1-3
Target Ranges: Calculated for a	ages 50–54 yrs.		See Appendix for ex metrics and symbols sh	
Performance Assessments			Session 1 (5/20/2019)	Target Range
Physical Reaction Time			236 (±32) ms	332-402 ms
Trail Making Test A			N/A	35-51 sec
Trail Making Test B			N/A	59-103 sec
Evoked Potentials				
Audio P300 Delay			260 ms	288-336 ms
Test/Retest Change				±12%
Audio P300 Voltage			16.7 µV	9–19 µV
Test/Retest Change			-	±24%
Boone Brain Age			23 yrs	-
State (Power)				
CZ Eyes Closed Theta/Beta			0.7	0.1-1.6
F3/F4 Eyes Closed Alpha			1.2	0.9-1.1
Front-Back (F-P) Coherence	in Theta and Alpha Bands	•		
Left (Theta   Alpha)			0.31   0.15	≥ 0.35   ≥ 0.4
Mid (Theta   Alpha)			0.28   0.18	≥ 0.35   ≥ 0.4
Right (Theta   Alpha)			0.20   0.08	≥ 0.35   ≥ 0.4

Boone Report

– ID: – Generated: 6/27/2019 11:23 AM



Session Number (Created Date)	Patien Age	t Original Title	Reason	n for Visit	Followu	p Chang	e Hrs. Sleep   Since Meal
Session 1 (6/27/2019)	49 yrs	Baseline	Perform	ance Cognitive Evaluation	N/A	N/A	4-6   < 1

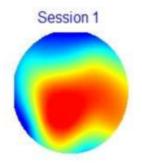
See Appendix for explanations of metrics and symbols shown on this page.

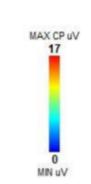
Performance Assessments	Session 1 (6/27/2019)	Target Range
Physical Reaction Time	237 (±59) ms	251-362 ms
Trail Making Test A	N/A	45-77 sec
Trail Making Test B	N/A	4689 sec
Evoked Potentials		
Audio P300 Delay	272 ms	264-343 ms
Test/Retest Change	•	±12%
Audio P300 Voltage	18.0 µV	7–18 µV
Test/Retest Change	•	±24%
Boone Brain Age	20 yrs	-
State (Power)		
CZ Eyes Closed Theta/Beta	0.7	0.8-1.8
F3/F4 Eyes Closed Alpha	1.0	0.9-1.1
Front-Back (F-P) Coherence in Theta and Alpha Bands		
Left (Theta   Alpha)	0.32   0.16	≥ 0.35   ≥ 0.4
Mid (Theta   Allpha)	0.39   0.25	≥ 0.35   ≥ 0.4
Right (Theta   Alpha)	0.20   0.11	≥ 0.35   ≥ 0.4

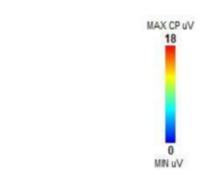
Maximum P300 Test Depth (µV) — Range: 240–500 ms

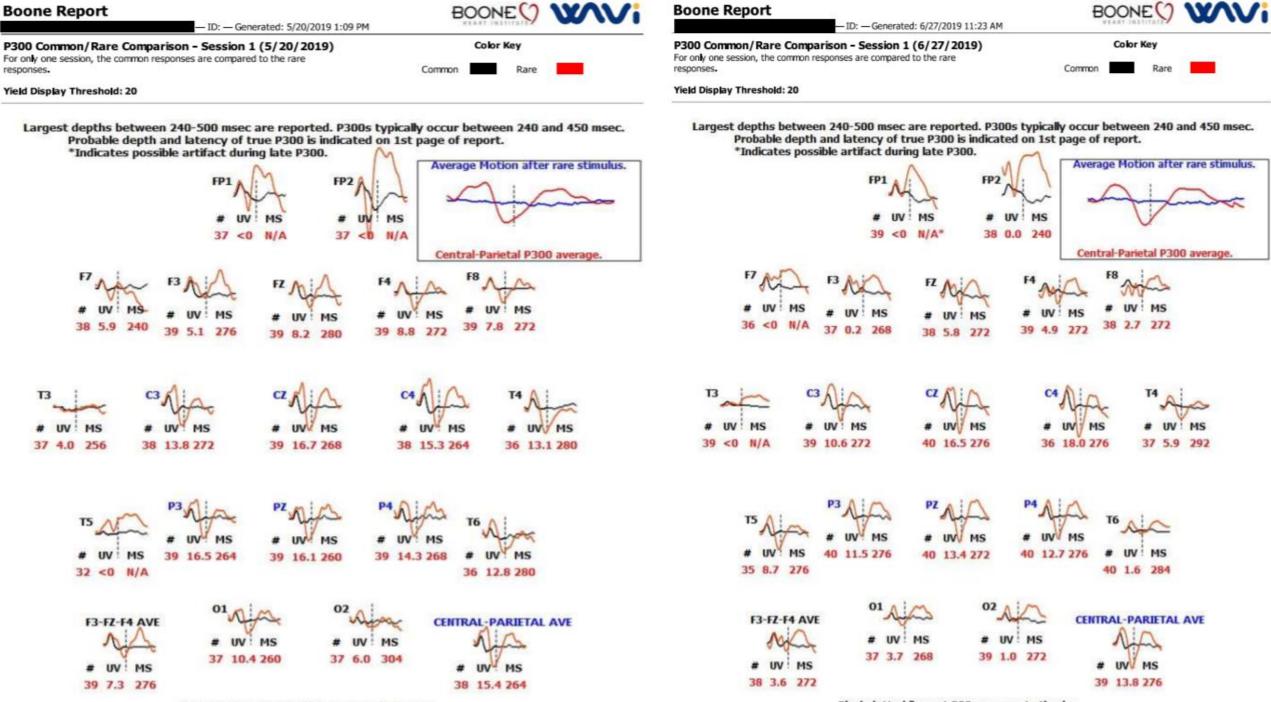
Session 1

Maximum P300 Test Depth (µV) — Range: 240–500 ms









Black dotted lines at 300 msec post stimulus.

Black dotted lines at 300 msec post stimulus.

#### Case Report 4: 36 year-old male vet – bomb tech

#### **Before Treatment:**

- Headache
- Insomnia
- Suicide ideation
- PTSD
- Depression
- Fatigue
- Chronic pain

#### After Treatment:

- No headaches
- Improved sleep
- No suicidal thoughts
- More energy
- Able to exercise
- Less pain

#### WAVi Wellness Basic Report



- ID: N/A - Generated: 8/26/2019 2:30 PM

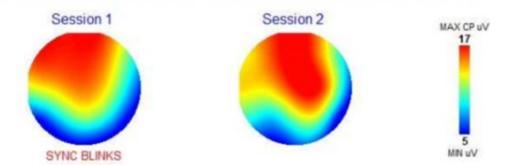
Session Number (Created Date)	Patien Age	Original Title		Hrs, Sleep   Since Meal
Session 1 (7/1/2019)	36 yrs	Baseine	N/A.	4-6   10+
Session 2 (8/26/2019)	36 yrs	Baseline	N/A	7-9   10+

See Appendix for explanations of metrics and symbols shown on this page. Symbol Key:  $\nabla$  = Sync Elinks, ? = Questionable Value

Screening Scores	Session 1 (7/1/2019)	Session 2 (8/26/2019)	Target Range
Hamilton Anxiety Rating Scale (HAM-A)	N/A	N/A	≤ 17
Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9)	N/A	N/A	< 5
Performance Assessments			
Physical Reaction Time	249 (±42) ms	247 (±27) ms	252-363 m
Trail Making Test A	N/A	52 sec	38-64 sec
Trail Making Test B	N/A	57 sec	43-83 sec
Evoked Potentials			
Audio P300 Delay	288 ms	292 ms	250-324 m
Test/Retest Change		4 ms	±11 ms
Audio P300 Voltage	∇ 15.2 µV	17.0 µV	8-21 µV
Test/Retest Change		2 µV	±2 μV
State			
CZ Eyes Closed Theta/Beta (Power)	5.0	4.0	0.9-2.1
F3/F4 Eyes Closed Alpha (Magnitude)	1.2	1.2	0.9-1.1
Peak Frequency (7.0–13.0 Hz)			
Frontal	? 7.0 Hz	7.0 Hz	9.0-11.0 H
Central-Parietal	? 7.0 Hz	? 7.0 Hz	9.0-11.0 H
Occipital	? 7.0 Hz	? 9.5 Hz	9.0-11.0 H

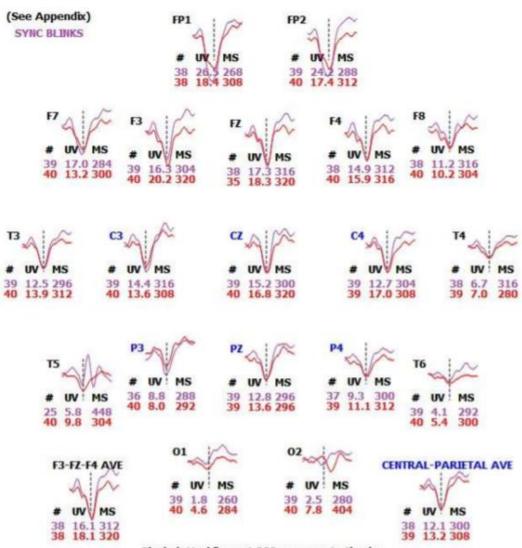
Maximum P300 Test Depth (µV) - Range: 240-500 ms - Topo scale referenced to Session 2

#### SYNC BLINKS REPORTED IF MAXIMUM DEPTH OF FP1 or FP2 > 20 uV. SYNC BLINKS AFFECT FRONTAL DEPTH VALUES.





Largest depths between 240-500 msec are reported. P300s typically occur between 240 and 450 msec. Probable depth and latency of true P300 is indicated on 1st page of report. \*Indicates possible artifact during late P300.



Black dotted lines at 300 msec post stimulus.

#### Out of 100 patients treated, nearly every patient reports:

More mental clarity Improved memory Improved executive function/decision making More stable emotions and less stress Better ability to cope with pain More physical and mental energy

#### Out of 100 patients treated, some patients report:

Less sound and light sensitivity Improved eyesight Improved sleep and libido Improved motor function (ability to open a clenched fist, ability to walk) Less muscle spasticity

# Conclusion: The Multimodal, Regenerative Approach is a Superior Way to Treat TBI

The practical, effective combination of multiple regenerative TBI therapies can produce synergistic benefits to the patient superior to mainstream TBI or single modality TBI treatments. Pilot Study with Invictus Project and TBI Therapy

- 10 veterans
- Tested with WAVi and DTI at baseline
- 20 Pre-treatment HBOT
- TBI Therapy intranasal and IV PRP-PBSC (Platelet rich plasmaperipheral blood stem cell) and IV nutrient/cranial therapy/light therapy protocol in 24 h period
- 20 Post-treatment HBOT with 10 days intranasal insulin
- Functional qEEG with WAVI post TBI Therapy protocol at 1, 2 months, 4 months, 6 months
- DTI at 6 months
- Quality of Life testing at baseline, 2 months, 4 months, 6 months

#### Contact invictusproject.org for more information

#### Sam Peterson, Co-Founder & CEO of Invictus

"Right now, there are a countless number of combat veterans struggling not to take the loaded gun sitting on their nightstand and put it into their mouth. I know this because on Christmas Day 2014, after returning from my second tour in Afghanistan, I was that guy. If it weren't for the people closest to me who wouldn't allow me to quit on myself I wouldn't be here."



#### Jeffrey Haugland, COO of Invictus

"After tours to Iraq and Afghanistan, I was exposed to blasts that ultimately lead to multiple TBIs. Easy, everyday tasks became a challenge through the migraines, and I found myself not being able to recall what I was doing or where I was going while driving.

I was told this was the quality of life I should get used to. I was prescribed medication after medication with no improvement.... The quickest way to remove the threat was to put a gun in my mouth and make all the pain go away. I credit my son with saving my life, because had he not cried at that very moment, I may not be here to share my story and serve others like us."



Boussi-Gross, R., Golan, H., Fishlev, G., Bechor, Y., Volkov, O., et al. (2013) Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy Can Improve Post Concussion Syndrome Years after Mild Traumatic Brain Injury – Randomized Prospective Trial. PLoS ONE 8(11): e79995. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0079995.

Brabazon, F. P., Khayrullina, G. I., Frey, W. H., & Byrnes, K. R. (2014, June). INTRANASAL INSULIN TREATMENT OF TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY. IN JOURNAL OF NEUROTRAUMA (Vol. 31, No. 12, pp. A106-A106). 140 HUGUENOT STREET, 3RD FL, NEW ROCHELLE, NY 10801 USA: MARY ANN LIEBERT, INC.

Cantu, R. (August, 2013). *What Physical and Cognitive Rest Really Mean After a Concussion*. Retrieved from https://www.brainline.org/video/what-physical-and-cognitive-rest-really-mean-after-concussion.

Danielyan, L., Beer-Hammer, S., Stolzing, A., Schäfer, R., Siegel, G., Fabian, C., ... & Novakovic, A. (2014). Intranasal delivery of bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells, macrophages, and microglia to the brain in mouse models of Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease. Cell transplantation, 23(1), S123-S139.

European Society of Endocrinology. (2010). Vitamin D deficiency associated with chronic fatigue in brain injured patients. ScienceDaily. Retrieved August 15, 2016 from www.sciencedaily.com/releases/2010/04/100427182609.htm

Gladstone Institutes. (2008). Collagen May Help Protect Brain Against Alzheimer's Disease. ScienceDaily. Retrieved August 15, 2016 from www.sciencedaily.com/releases/2008/12/081210150713.htm

Gunther, N. & Queen, E. (2013). What Physical and Cognitive Rest Really Mean After a Concussion. Brainline. Retrieved from http://www.brainline.org/content/multimedia.php?id=9022

Haller, H., Cramer, H., Werner, M., & Dobos, G. (2015). Treating the sequelae of postoperative meningioma and traumatic brain injury: a case of implementation of craniosacral therapy in integrative inpatient care. The Journal of Alternative and Complementary Medicine, 21(2), 110-112.

Huskisson, E., Maggini, S., & Ruf, M. (2007). The role of vitamins and minerals in energy metabolism and well-being. Journal of international medical research, 35(3), 277-289.

Kurtz, S. (2008). U.S. Patent Application No. 12/077,296. Retrieved August 15, 2016 from https://www.google.com/patents/US20090012039

McNally, M. A., & Hartman, A. L. (2012). Ketone bodies in epilepsy. Journal of neurochemistry, 121(1), 28-35.

Mischley, L. K., Conley, K. E., Shankland, E. G., Kavanagh, T. J., Rosenfeld, M. E., Duda, J. E., ... & Padowski, J. M. (2016). Central nervous system uptake of intranasal glutathione in Parkinson's disease. npj Parkinson's Disease, 2, 16002.

Moskalenko, Y., Frymann, V., Kravchenko, T., & Weinstein, G. (2003). Physiological background of the Cranial Rhythmic Impulse and the Primary respiratory Mechanism. Am Acad Osteopath J, 13(2), 21-33.

Rho, J. M., & Stafstrom, C. E. (2012). The ketogenic diet as a treatment paradigm for diverse neurological disorders. Frontiers in pharmacology, 3, 59.

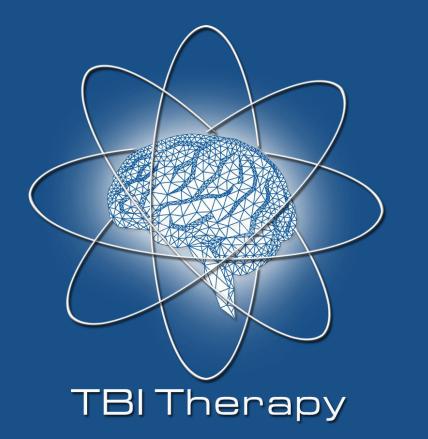
Sun, D. (2014). The potential of endogenous neurogenesis for brain repair and regeneration following traumatic brain injury. Neural regeneration research, 9(7), 688.).

Thom, S. R., Bhopale, V. M., Velazquez, O. C., Goldstein, L. J., Thom, L. H., & Buerk, D. G. (2006). Stem cell mobilization by hyperbaric oxygen. American Journal of Physiology-Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 290(4), H1378-H1386.

Tithon Biotech (n.d.). Retrieved from http://tithonbiotech.com/index/

UHN Staff. (2015). Vitamins for Memory Loss and Stroke Prevention – These 3 Are Critical. University Health News Daily. Retrieved August 15, 2016 from http://universityhealthnews.com/daily/memory/vitamins-for-memory-loss-and-stroke-prevention-these-3-are-critical/

Van Velthoven, C. T., Kavelaars, A., van Bel, F., & Heijnen, C. J. (2010). Nasal administration of stem cells: a promising novel route to treat neonatal ischemic brain damage. Pediatric research, 68, 419-422.



Treats TBI patients by combining regenerative therapies: HBOT, stem cells, PRP, and nutritional therapies. tbitherapy.com



#### ASPEN INTEGRATIVE MEDICINE

Treats chronic pain and major medical problems using modern and natural medicine.

aspenintegrativemedicine.com